### **SHIP8 Clinical Commissioning Groups Priorities Committee**

Policy title Number/version	Policy 60: Interventions for Spinal Pain Version 2.0
Policy position:	Varied – see individual statements
Date of Committee Recommendation	January 2021
Update	This policy will be updated as per 3 year cycle or in light of a substantial body of new evidence or new national guidance (e.g. NICE)

This policy does not apply to patients presenting with "red flag symptoms" such as deterioration in neurological function (e.g. objective weakness, sexual dysfunction, cauda equina syndrome). These patients require an urgent referral to an acute spinal centre for further evaluation and imaging, as non-surgical treatment may lead to irreversible harm.

#### General recommendations:

- Assessment should include the biopsychosocial impact on the individual such as with EQ-5D or STarT back tool for low back pain.
- Conservative therapies, including a course of structured physiotherapy and exercise with or without psychological therapy, should be offered as first line treatment.
- Interventions are undertaken using a multi-disciplinary team approach.
- Steroid and local anaesthetic spinal injections as a therapeutic intervention are not normally funded and only considered where the conservative management have been recorded as either undertaken and unsuccessful or considered unsuitable.
- Acupuncture is a low priority and is not normally funded.
- Patients receiving any surgical intervention should be registered on the British Spine Registry and the providers are expected to participate in the Regional Spinal Network.

# Cervical (neck) pain

#### Cervical radiculopathy

Cervical radiculopathy is characterised by sensory or motor symptoms in one or both of the upper extremities caused by nerve root compression in the cervical spine, with symptoms of occipital headache, neck pain which may radiate to shoulders, and arm pain, weakness, finger/ thumb numbness/ tinging. Conservative management should be offered for 6 weeks initially before other interventions are considered.

## Epidural/ nerve root injections:

 A single epidural/ nerve root injection for cervical radiculopathy not responding to conservative therapy can be considered as part of a rehabilitation pathway or as a one-off diagnostic intervention to inform surgical management.  Repeat epidural/ nerve root injections for cervical radiculopathy may be offered where co-morbidities exclude surgery or where less invasive treatment is not possible, and the previous injection has offered at least a 70% improvement in pain sustained for at least 6 months.

## Non-specific neck pain

Non-specific neck pain is pain or discomfort in the neck and/or shoulder girdle without pain referred to the arms — in most cases no specific cause can be found. Symptoms vary with physical activity and over time. The cause is usually multifactorial and includes poor posture, neck strain, sporting and occupational activities, anxiety, and depression. Most cases of acute neck pain resolve within 8 weeks.

Conservative management should be undertaken for up to 12 weeks before a referral for specialist assessment is made.

 Spinal injections, including facet joint injections, medial branch blocks and epidural/ nerve root injections, are not normally funded in non-specific neck pain.

# Lumbar (low back) pain

### **Imaging**

- **Do not routinely offer imaging in a non-specialist setting** for patients with low back pain with or without sciatica, where there are no red flags or suspected serious underlying pathology following evaluation of medical history and examination.
- Imaging in low back pain should be offered if serious underlying pathology is suspected. Serious underlying pathology includes but is not limited to: cancer, infection, trauma, spinal cord injury (full or partial loss of sensation and/or movement of part(s) of the body) or inflammatory disease.

#### Sciatica

Sciatica or radicular pain is pain caused by irritation or compression of the sciatic nerve. Conservative therapies should be offered as first line treatment before a referral for specialist assessment is made.

Epidural/ nerve root injections:

- A single epidural/ nerve root injection for sciatica not responding to conservative therapy can be considered as part of a rehabilitation pathway or as a one-off diagnostic intervention to inform surgical management.
- Repeat epidural/ nerve root injections for sciatica may be offered where co-morbidities exclude surgery or where less invasive treatment is not possible, and the previous injection has offered at least a 70% improvement in pain sustained for at least 6 months.
- Epidural injections for neurogenic claudication in patients who have central spinal canal stenosis are **not normally funded**.

## Surgery:

- Spinal decompression with or without fusion can be considered when all non-operative options have been tried or are contraindicated.
- In the presence of concordant MRI changes, lumbar discectomy may be offered to patients with compressive nerve root signs and symptoms lasting 3 months (except in severe cases) despite best efforts with non-operative management.

#### Non-specific low back pain

Non-specific low back pain can be defined as low back pain which cannot be attributed to recognisable, known specific pathology (such as cancer, fracture, infection or an inflammatory disease process); It can also be described as mechanical axial pain. Non-specific low-back pain is common, often multifactorial and responds well to non-operative treatment such as lifestyle modifications, weight loss, analgesia, manual therapy, exercise.

The following procedures are **not normally funded** in non-specific low back pain:

- Disc replacement
- Spinal fusion and/or discectomy
- All local anaesthetic and steroid spinal injections including
  - Facet joint injections
  - > Therapeutic medial branch blocks
  - > Intradiscal therapy
  - Prolotherapy
  - Trigger point injections with any agent, including botulinum toxin
  - Epidural steroid injections for chronic low back pain or for neurogenic claudication in patients with central spinal canal stenosis
  - Any other spinal injections not specifically covered above.

#### Facet joint pain

The facet joints are pairs of joints that stabilise and guide motion in the lumbar spine. Facet joint pain is considered to arise from degeneration of the joints. Manual therapy, with appropriate psychological therapies where necessary, should be considered as an early intervention.

#### Medial branch blocks:

- A single medial branch nerve block for diagnostic purposes is supported as part of potential radiofrequency denervation (destroys the nerves that supply the painful facet joint in the spine) for facetogenic low back pain.
- Therapeutic medial branch blocks are **not normally funded**.

#### Radiofrequency denervation:

- Radiofrequency denervation can be offered if **all** the following criteria are met:
  - The main source of pain is thought to come from structures supplied by the medial branch nerve; **and**
  - All non-surgical and alternative treatments have been tried and failed; and
  - There are no radicular symptoms; and
  - ➤ There is moderate to severe chronic pain that has improved in response to diagnostic medial branch block.
- Imaging in patients with low back pain with specific facet joint pain as a prerequisite for radiofrequency denervation is not normally funded.
- Repeat radiofrequency denervation should not be performed within a 12 month period.

# Sacroiliac Joint (SIJ) pain

The diagnosis of SIJ pain can be difficult and is often misdiagnosed as back or hip pain. It is recommended that the four tests, Gillet, standing forward flexion, sitting forward flexion, and supine-to-sit tests, are used initially. Rheumatological advice should be sought if sacroiliitis is suspected.

- Steroid and local anaesthetic injections of the SIJ may assist in the diagnosis as well as allowing physiotherapy.
- Radiofrequency denervation of the SIJ is supported after diagnostic injections.
- The use of iFuse devices is supported if all other treatments fail.
- Prolotherapy is **not normally funded** due to a lack of evidence on clinical and cost effectiveness.

Exceptional circumstances may be considered where there is evidence of significant health impairment and there is also evidence of the intervention improving health status

### This policy is based on:

- 1. NHS England Evidence-Based Interventions (EBI): Guidance for CCGs (2020);
- 2. NHS England Evidence-Based Interventions (EBI): Guidance for CCGs (2019);
- 3. Spinal Services GIRFT Programme (2019) National Specialty Report;
- 4. NICE Clinical Knowledge Summary (2018) Neck pain cervical radiculopathy;
- 5. NICE Clinical Knowledge Summary (2018) Neck pain non-specific;
- 6. NHS England (2017) National Low Back and Radicular Pain Pathway and
- 7. NICE guideline NG59 (November 2016, updated 2020) Low back pain and sciatica in over 16s: assessment and management

## **Clinical coding:**

**Cervical radiculopathy** 

Diagnosis codes	<b>OPCS Proced</b>	ure codes
M43.02 Spondylolysis - Cervical region	Interventions	funded
M43.12 Spondylolisthesis - Cervical	Epidural/	A52.8 Other specified therapeutic
region	nerve root	epidural injection
M47.22 Other spondylosis with	injections	A52.9 Unspecified therapeutic
radiculopathy		epidural injection
M47.82 Other spondylosis - Cervical		A57.7 Injection of therapeutic
region		substance around spinal nerve
M47.92 Spondylosis, unspecified -		root
Cervical region		A73.5 Injection of therapeutic
M48.02 Spinal stenosis		substance around peripheral
M50.1 Cervical disc disorder with		nerve
radiculopathy		Secondary site codes:
M54.11 Radiculopathy - Occipito-atlanto-		Z66.3 Cervical vertebra
axial region		Z67.3 Cervical intervertebral joint
M54.12 Radiculopathy – Cervical region		Z99.1 Intervertebral disc of
M54.13 Radiculopathy – Cervicothoracic		cervical spine
region		Z06.1 Cervical Spinal cord
		Z07.1 Spinal nerve root of
		cervical spine

Cervical pain - non-specific neck pain

Cervical pain - non-specific fieck pain		
Diagnosis codes	OPCS Procedure codes	
M47.8 Other spondylosis	Interventions NOT normally funded	
M47.81 Other spondylosis -	Epidural/ nerve	A52.8 Other specified therapeutic epidural
Occipito-atlanto-axial region	root injections	injection
M47.82 Other spondylosis –	-	A52.9 Unspecified therapeutic epidural
Cervical region		injection
M47.83 Other spondylosis –		A57.7 Injection of therapeutic substance
Cervicothoracic region		around spinal nerve root

	1	
M50.2 - Other cervical disc		A73.5 Injection of therapeutic substance
displacement		around peripheral nerve
M50.3 - Other cervical disc		Secondary site codes:
degeneration		Z66.3 Cervical vertebra
M54.2 Cervicalgia		Z67.3 Cervical intervertebral joint
M54.21 Cervicalgia -		Z99.1 Intervertebral disc of cervical spine
Occipito-atlanto-axial region		Z06.1 Cervical Spinal cord
M54.22 Cervicalgia -		Z07.1 Spinal nerve root of cervical spine
Cervical region	Facet joint	V54.4 Injection around spinal facet of spine
M54.23 Cervicalgia -	injections	Secondary site codes:
Cervicothoracic region		Z66.3 Cervical vertebra
		Z67.3 Cervical intervertebral joint
		Z99.1 Intervertebral disc of cervical spine
		Z06.1 Cervical Spinal cord
		Z07.1 Spinal nerve root of cervical spine
	Other spinal	A57.4 Injection of destructive substance into
	injections	spinal nerve root
		A81.2 Injection of therapeutic substance
		around sympathetic nerve
		Secondary site codes:
		Z66.3 Cervical vertebra
		Z67.3 Cervical intervertebral joint
		Z99.1 Intervertebral disc of cervical spine
		Z06.1 Cervical Spinal cord
		Z07.1 Spinal nerve root of cervical spine

#### Lumbar - Sciatica

Lumbar – Sciatica			
Diagnosis codes (EBI)	OPCS Procedure codes		
M51.0 Lumbar and other	Interventions funded		
intervertebral disc disorders	Lumbar	V33.1 Primary laminectomy excision of	
with myelopathy	Discectomy	lumbar intervertebral disc	
M51.1 Lumbar and other	(EBI)	V33.2 Primary fenestration excision of lumbar	
intervertebral disc disorders		intervertebral disc	
with radiculopathy		V33.3 Primary anterior excision of lumbar	
M54.1 Radiculopathy		intervertebral disc and interbody fusion of	
M54.3 Sciatica		joint of lumbar spine	
M54.4 Lumbago with		V33.4 Primary anterior excision of lumbar	
sciatica		intervertebral disc NEC	
		V33.5 Primary anterior excision of lumbar	
		intervertebral disc and posterior graft fusion of	
		joint of lumbar spine	
		V33.6 Primary anterior excision of lumbar	
		intervertebral disc and posterior	
		instrumentation of lumbar spine	
		V33.7 Primary microdiscectomy of lumbar	
		intervertebral disc	
		V33.8 Other specified excision of unspecified	
		intervertebral disc	
		V33.9 Unspecified excision of unspecified	
		intervertebral disc	
		V35.1 Primary excision of intervertebral disc	
		NEC	
		V35.8 Other specified excision of unspecified	
		intervertebral disc	
		V35.9 Unspecified excision of unspecified	

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	intervertebral disc
	V51.1 Primary direct lateral excision of
	lumbar intervertebral disc and interbody
	fusion of joint of lumbar spine
	V51.8 Other specified other primary excision
	of lumbar intervertebral disc
	V51.9 Unspecified other primary excision of
	lumbar intervertebral disc
	V52.1 Enzyme destruction of intervertebral
	disc
	V52.2 Destruction of intervertebral disc NEC
	V52.5 Aspiration of intervertebral disc NEC
	V52.8 Other specified other operations on
	intervertebral disc
	V52.9 Unspecified other operations on
	intervertebral disc
	V58.3 Primary automated percutaneous
	mechanical excision of lumbar intervertebral
	disc
	V58.8 Other specified
	V58.9 Unspecified
	V60.3 Primary percutaneous decompression
	using coblation to lumbar intervertebral disc
	V60.8 Other specified primary percutaneous
	decompression using coblation to
	intervertebral disc
	V60.9 Unspecified primary percutaneous
	decompression using coblation to
	intervertebral disc
	V55.1 One level of spine
	V55.2 Two levels of spine
	V55.3 Greater than two levels of spine
	V55.8 Other specified levels of spine
	V55.9 Unspecified levels of spine
Epidural/	A52.8 Other specified therapeutic epidural
Nerve root	injection
injections	A52.9 Unspecified therapeutic epidural
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	injection
	A57.7 Injection of therapeutic substance
	around spinal nerve root
	A73.5 Injection of therapeutic substance
	around peripheral nerve
	Secondary site codes:
	Z67.6 Lumbosacraljoint
	Z67.5 Lumbarvertebra
	Z99.3 Intervertebral disc of lumbar spine
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**Lumbar – Non-specific low back pain** 

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Diagnosis codes	OPCS Procedure codes		
(EBI)			
M54.5 Low back pain	Interventions NOT normally funded		
M54.9 Dorsalgia,	Fusion	V38.2 Primary posterior interlaminar fusion of joint of	
unspecified	(EBI)	lumbar spine	
		V38.3 Primary posterior fusion of joint of lumbar spine NEC	
		V38.4 Primary intertransverse fusion of joint of lumbar spine NEC	
		V38.5 Primary posterior interbody fusion of joint of lumbar spine	
		V38.6 Primary transforaminal interbody fusion of joint	
		of lumbar spine	
		V40.4 Posterior instrumented fusion of lumbar spine	
		NEC	
M51.8 Other specified	Spinal	A52.1 Therapeutic lumbar epidural injection	
intervertebral disc	injections	A52.2 Therapeutic sacral epidural injection	
disorders	(EBI)	A52.8 Other specified therapeutic epidural injection	
M51.9 Intervertebral		A52.9 Unspecified therapeutic epidural injection	
disc disorder,		A57.7 Injection of therapeutic substance around	
unspecified		spinal nerve root	
M54.5 Low back pain		A73.5 Injection of therapeutic substance around	
M54.9 Dorsalgia ,		peripheral nerve	
unspecified		V54.4 Injection around spinal facet of spine	
		Secondary site codes:	
		Z67.6 Lumbosacraljoint	
		Z67.5 Lumbarvertebra	
		Z99.3 Intervertebral disc of lumbar spine	

Lumbar - Facet joint pain

Diagnosis codes (EBI)	OPCS Procedure codes	
M51.8: Other specified	Interventions funded	
intervertebral disc disorders	Medial	V54.4 Injection around spinal facet of spine
M51.9: Intervertebral disc	Branch	Secondary site codes
disorder, unspecified	Block -	Z67.5 Lumbar intervertebral joint
M54.5 Low back pain	diagnostic*	Z67.6 Lumbosacral joint
M54.9 Dorsalgia, unspecified		Z67.7 Sacrococcygeal joint
		Z99.3 Intervertebral disc of lumbar spine
	Radiofreque	V48.5 Radiofrequency controlled thermal
	ncy	denervation of spinal facet joint of lumbar
	denervation	vertebra
	(EBI)	V48.7 Radiofrequency controlled thermal
		denervation of spinal facet joint of vertebra
		NEC
		Secondary site codes
		Z67.5 Lumbar intervertebral joint
		Z67.6 Lumbosacral joint
		Z67.7 Sacrococcygeal joint
		Z99.3 Intervertebral disc of lumbar spine

<sup>\*</sup>Data cannot differentiate between therapeutic or diagnostic indication.

## Sacroiliac Joint

Sacroiliac Joint			
Diagnosis codes	OPCS Procedure codes		
M43.8 Other specified	Interventions funded		
deforming dorsopathies -	Epidural/	A52.2 Therapeutic sacral epidural injection	
Deformity sacroiliac joint	nerve root		
(Congenital/acquired)	injections	A57.7 Injection of therapeutic substance	
M46.1 Sacroiliitis, not		around spinal nerve root	
elsewhere classified		A73.5 Injection of therapeutic substance	
M53.2 Spinal instabilities –		around peripheral nerve	
Sacroiliac		A81.2 Injection of therapeutic substance	
M53.3 Sacrooccygeal		around sympathetic nerve	
disorders, not elsewhere		Secondary site codes	
classified		Z84.1 Sacroiliac joint	
S33.2 Dislocation of	Facet joint	V54.4 Injection around spinal facet of spine	
sacroiliac and	injections	Secondary site codes	
sacrococcygeal joint	,	Z84.1 Sacroiliac joint	
S33.6 Sprain and strain of	Radiofreque	A57.3 - Radiofrequency controlled thermal	
sacroiliac joint	ncy	destruction of spinal nerve root	
S33.7 Sprain and strain of	denervation	A60.4 - Radiofrequency controlled thermal	
other and unspecified parts		destruction of peripheral nerve	
of lumbar spine and pelvis		V48.5 Radiofrequency controlled thermal	
·		denervation of spinal facet joint of lumbar	
		vertebra	
		V48.7 Radiofrequency controlled thermal	
		denervation of spinal facet joint of vertebra	
		NEC ,	
		Add code	
		V48.8 Other specified denervation of spinal	
		facet joint of vertebra	
		Secondary site codes	
		Z84.1 Sacroiliac joint	
	Ifuse	W62.1 Primary arthrodesis and internal fixation	
		of joint NEC	
		Y53.4 Approach to organ under fluoroscopic	
		control	
		Y76.9 Unspecified minimal access to other	
		body cavity	
		Secondary site codes	
		Z84.1 Sacroiliac joint	
	Interventions	NOT normally funded	
	Prolotherapy	W903 Injection of therapeutic substance into	
		joint	
		W904 Injection into joint NEC	
		Secondary site codes	
		Z84.1 Sacroiliac joint	